Table of contents	
Instructions: W0010047	
Product: KCB alternator Part no.: 0 124 3	
Special features Structure, usage General information Safety measures Testers, equipment, tools	I02/1 I08/1 I09/1 I11/1 I13/1
Test specifications Tightening torques Circuit diagram Alternator disassembly/testing table	I15/1 I16/1 I17/1 I23/1
Component cleaning	II23/1 II25/1 III10/1
Continue: I01/2	
Table of contents	
Editorial note	IV03/1
Continue: I01/1	
A01	101

These instructions contain repair information and the corresponding test specifications for the following alternators

Part nos.: 124 3.. 0

0 124 4.. KCB1 14V Type: 70A 80A

KCB1 14V KCB1 14V 90A KCB1 14V 40-70A KCB1 14V 45-80A KCB1 14V 47-87A KCB1 14V 50-90A

Continue: I02/2

SPECIAL FEATURES

Type: KCB2 14V 98A KCB2 14V 100A KCB2 14V 50- 90A KCB2 14V 53- 98A KCB2 14V 55-105A KCB2 14V 60-105A

Continue: 103/1

NOTE:

These repair instructions were compiled on the basis of the following alternator

Type: KCB1 -> 14V 50-90A Part no.: 0 124 325 001

The different alternator versions can be seen from the corresponding parts lists.

Continue: I03/2

SPECIAL FEATURES

Alternators of this type are equipped with a multi-function regulator.

Multi-function regulators feature the following:

- Voltage actual value and excitation current via connection B+
- Pre-excitation clocked via B+
- Connection/terminal L (recognition of ignition switch ON, fault display)
- Load response/starting (no supply of current during and immediately after starting; optional)

Continue: I04/1

- Load response/driving (power supply constantly increased via ramp; optional)
- Connection/DF monitor (evaluation of current alternator load; optional)
- Connection/terminal S (battery
 "Sense", voltage signal directly from
 battery; optional)
- Thermal regulation of regulator voltage (optional)

Continue: I04/2

SPECIAL FEATURES

NOTE:

If checking with oscilloscope reveals that rectifier unit is OK, it is not necessary to separate rectifier unit/stator.

Never block fan and pulley with a screwdriver or the like when dismantling or assembling. Bent or damaged fan blades will cause damage to the alternator.

Continue: I05/1

The entire assembly is geared to the alignment of the V-belt. Modifications or assembly errors can lead to damage.

Continue: I05/2

SPECIAL FEATURES

The alternator housing is made of die-cast aluminum. Particular care is to be taken on dismantling and assembly as the housing is susceptible to damage. Déformation and surface damage may permanently impair the fit accuracy of the alternator components. This can result in damage to the alternator during operation.

Continue: I06/1

After performing repairs, the function of the alternator is to be checked on a suitable test bench.

Continue: I06/2 SPECIAL FEATURES

Explanatory notes on alternator labelling, e.g.: KCB1 -> 14V 50-90A

C = Type of alternator
Compact alternator

1 = Size sub-classification

B = Design principle

Continue: I07/1

KCB1 -> 14V 50-90A

-> = Direction of rotation

-> or R = Clockwise

<- or L = Counter-clockwise

<-> or RL = Clockwise and

counter-clockwise

14V = Alternator voltage in volts

50- = Rated current in A measured at n = 1800 1/min

90A = Rated current in A measured at n = 6000 1/min

Continue: I01/1

STRUCTURE, USAGE

PC user prompting:
Position cursor on button and confirm.
Microcard user prompting:
User prompting is provided on every
page e.g.:

- Continue: I 17/1
- Continue: II 18/1 Fig.: II 17/2

Brief instructions may include several rows of coordinates.

- I../. = first coordinate row
- II../. = second coordinate row
- III../. = third coordinate row
 etc.
- .../l = upper coordinate half
- .../2 = lower coordinate half

Continue: I01/1

GENERAL

Expert repairs are only possible using the prescribed tools and measuring instruments, which are in perfect working order. We therefore recommend that exclusive use be made of the tools listed.

The use of incorrect and unsuitable tools and testers can lead to injury and may damage the product concerned or its component parts.

Continue: I09/2

GENERAL

Exclusive use is to be made of service parts as per applicable parts list for type of alternator concerned.

To ensure proper functioning, use must be made of the materials prescribed in these instructions.

Ensure absolute cleanliness when performing repair work.

Continue: Il0/1

GENERAL

Tester and object being tested must be at room temperature for all checks performed during repair work.

The stated test values are referenced to a temperature of 20 C.

Continue: I01/1

SAFETY MEASURES

ATTENTION: DANGER OF IRE

For transmitter and receiver interference suppression purposes, alternators are fitted with capacitors with a long storage time.

When washing out alternator components, immersion in cleaning fluid may result in capacitor discharge and cause flammable liquids to ignite.

Continue: Ill/2

SAFETY MEASURES

For this reason, components with capacitors are only to be washed out using cleaning agents (e.g. HAKU 1025/5) which are not readily flammable.

Continue: I12/1

SAFETY MEASURES

Always heed the following safety regulations:

- * German Order governing the use of flammable liquids (VbF).
- * Accident prevention regulations for electrical systems and equipment.
- * Safety regulations for the handling of chlorinated hydrocarbons:
 - For companies: ZH 1/222
 For employees: ZH 1/129
 issued by the German industrial
 liability insurance associations
 (central association for accident
 prevention and industrial medicine),

Continue: I12/2

SAFETY MEASURES

Outside Germany, pay attention to appropriate local regulations.

Langwartweg 103, 53129 Bonn.

Skin protection:

To avoid skin irritation when handling oil and grease, apply hand cream before starting work and wash cream off when finished with soap and water.

Continue: I01/1

TESTERS, FIXTURES, TO	OLS	
Testers, measuring in	struments	
Alternator tester:	0 684 201 200 (WPG 012.00)	
Interturn short circu tester:	it 0 986 619 110	
Test prods: (old version	0 986 619 101 0 986 619 114)	
Universal measuring instrument MMD 302: or Electrical system tester:	0 984 500 302 0 684 101 400 (ETE 014.00)	
Continue: I13/2		
TESTERS, FIXTURES, TO	OLS	
Testers, measuring instruments		
Dial gauge:	1 687 233 011	
Magnetic measurement stand:	4 851 601 124 (T-M 1)	
Two V-blocks:	comm. avail.	
·		

TESTERS, FIXTURES, TOOLS Tools, fixtures 0 986 618 152 Socket wrench: (KDLJ 6030) 0 986 619 396 Disassembly tool: M10 multi-point socket, long version: comm. avail. 0 986 618 162 Support piece and (KDLJ 6044) pressing-in sleeve: Mandrel press: comm. avail. Continue: I14/2 TESTERS, FIXTURES, TOOLS Tools, fixtures Two-arm puller: comm. avail. Torque wrench: comm. avail. Soldering iron 180 W: comm. avail. High-temperature solder (min. 480 C): comm. avail. Solder cream: comm. avail.

Continue: IO1/1

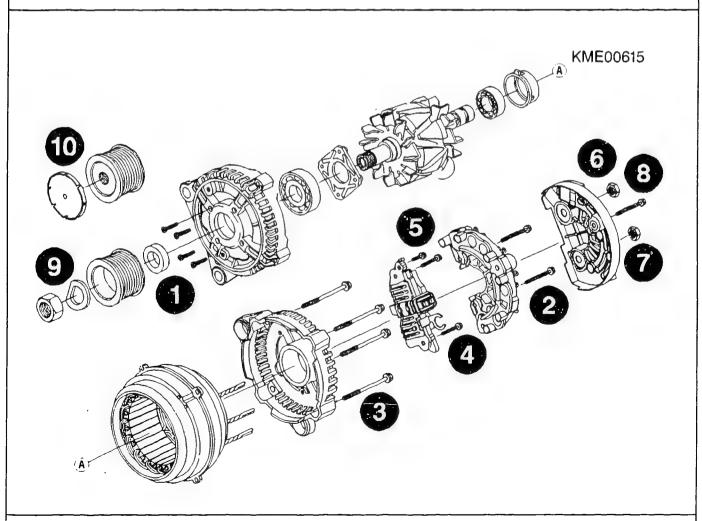
TEST SPECIFICATIONS Mechanical test specifications Diameter of collector rings 15,6 mm New: 14,9 mm Min.: Max. radial run-out of 0,03 mm collector rings: Max. radial run-out at 0,05 mm rotor OD: Carbon brush projection at regulator New: 13,2 mm Min.: 6 mm Continue: I15/2 TEST SPECIFICATIONS Electrical test specifications Interference-suppression 2,0...2,4 microfarads capacitor: Stator resistance: < 0,1 Ohm1,8...2,8 Ohm Rotor resistance:

TIGHTENING TORQUES

Tightening torques for attachment of

1	=	Cover plate:	2,73,5	Nm
2	=	Rectifier unit:	3,54,3	Nm
3	=	End shields:	4,55,5	Nm
4	=	Regulator:	1,62,3	Nm
5	=	Connection V:	0,91,4	Nm
6	=	Long B+:	1820	Nm
7	=	Short B+:	1113	Nm
8	=	Protective cap:	3,54,3	Nm
9	=	Pulley:	6070	Nm
10	=	Free-wheel	•	•
		pullev:	7585	Nm

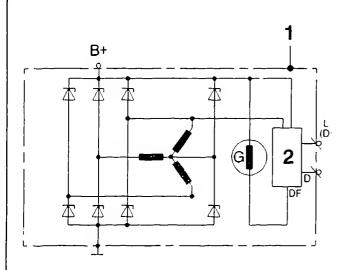
Continue: I01/1 Fig.: I16/2



Rectifier unit version 1

1 = Alternator
2 = Regulator

Continue: I18/1 Fig.: I17/2

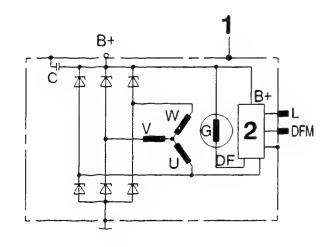


Rectifier unit version 2

1 = Alternator

2 = Regulator

Continue: I19/1 Fig.: I18/2

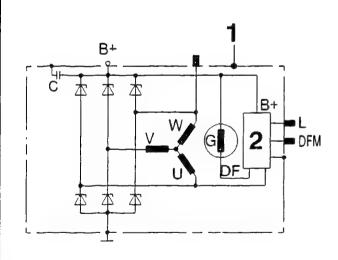


Rectifier unit version 3

l = Alternator

2 = Regulator

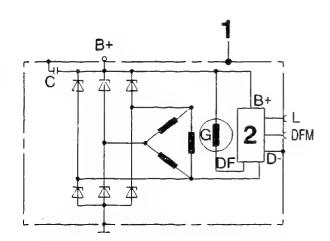
Continue: I20/1 Fig.: I19/2



Rectifier unit version 4

- 1 = Alternator
- 2 = Regulator

Continue: I21/1 Fig.: I20/2

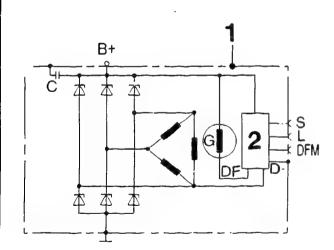


Rectifier unit version 5

1 = Alternator

2 = Regulator

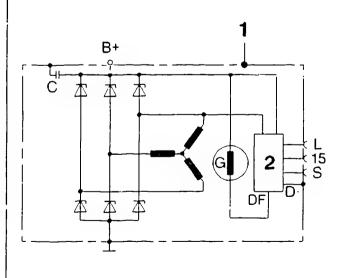
Continue: I22/1 Fig.: I21/2



Rectifier unit version 6

1 = Alternator
2 = Regulator

Continue: I01/1 Fig.: I22/2



ALTERNATOR DISASSEMBLY/CHECKING TABLE

Disassembling pulley Disassembling protective cap	124/1 128/1
Disassembling regulator	1103/1
Checking (installed) rectifier	
unit	1105/1
Checking (installed) stator	1107/1
Disassembling drive end shield	1108/1
Disassembling rotor	1111/1
Disassembling deep-groove ball	1113/1
bearing of drive end shield	

Continue: I23/2

TABLE

Disassembling deep-groove ball II16/1 bearing of collector ring

ALTERNATOR DISASSEMBLY/CHECKING

end shield
Disassembling rectifier unit
Disassembling stator

II18/1
II22/1

Continue: I01/1

Disassembling pulley

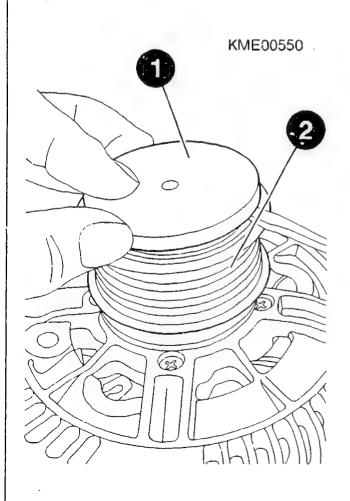
Remove cap (1) of pulley (2).

NOTE:

Cap is either pressed in or clipped on.

Clip-on cap can be removed using a suitable tool.

Continue: I25/1 Fig.: I24/2



Disassembling pulley

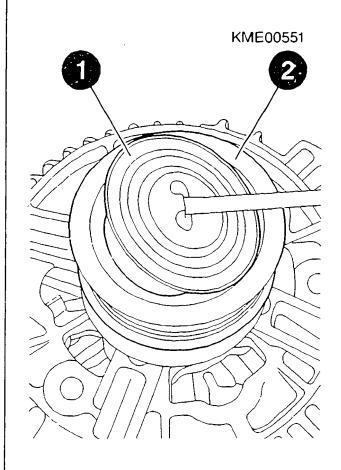
Remove cap (1) of pulley (2).

NOTE:

Cap is either pressed in or clipped on.

A pressed-in cap can only be removed by piercing it and prising it out.

Continue: I26/1 Fig.: I25/2



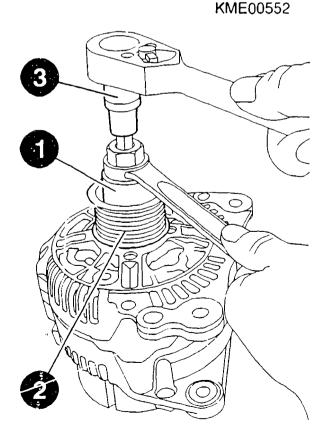
Disassembling pulley

Attach socket wrench (1) to nut of pulley (2). Hold rotor shaft of alternator with multi-point wrench (3) and unfasten nut using 22 mm box wrench.

Detach pulley and spring lock washer.

Socket wrench: 0 986 618 152 M10 multi-point socket, long version: comm. avail.

Continue: I27/1 Fig.: I26/2

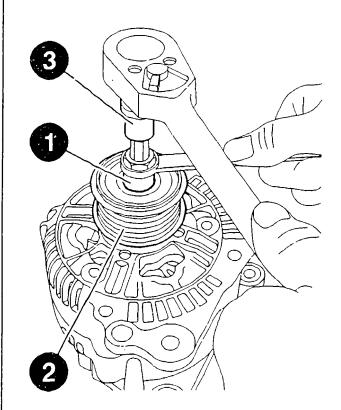


Disassembling pulley (free-wheel pulley)

Insert disassembly tool (1) in grooved toothing of free-wheel pulley (2). Hold rotor shaft of alternator with multi-point wrench (3), unfasten free-wheel pulley by means of disassembly tool using 17 mm box wrench and detach.

Disassembly tool: 0 986 619 396 M10 multi-point socket, long version: comm. avail.

Continue: I23/1 Fig.: I27/2

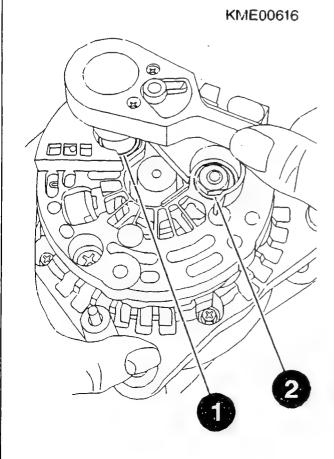


DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

Disassembling protective cap

Unfasten long B+ (1) and short B+ (2) connections.

Continue: II01/1 Fig.: I28/2



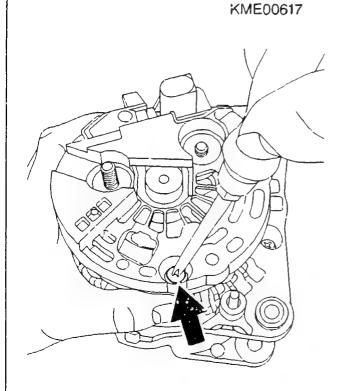
A28

DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

Disassembling protective cap

Unscrew bolt (arrow) of protective cap.

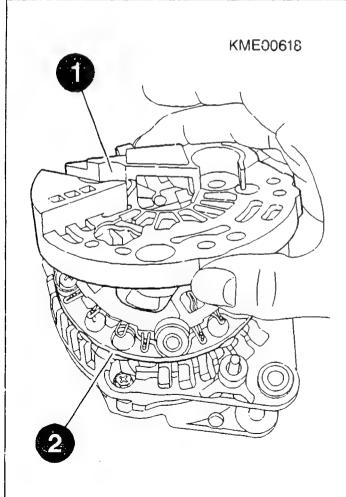
Continue: IIO2/1 Fig.: IIO1/2



Disassembling protective cap

Detach protective cap (1) from collector ring end shield and rectifier unit (2).

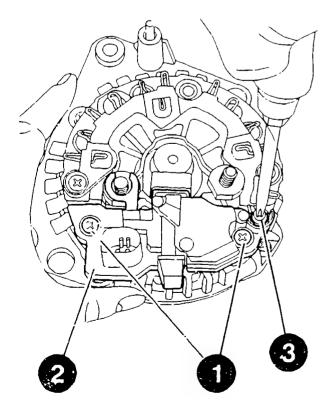
Continue: I23/1 Fig.: II02/2



DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR
Disassembling regulator
Unfasten and remove bolts (1) of

regulator (2) and connection V (3).

Continue: II04/l Fig.: II03/2



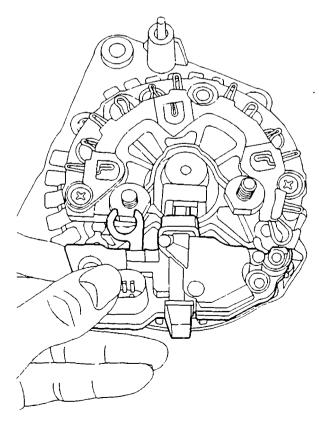
Disassembling regulator

Detach regulator.

ATTENTION:

Take care not to damage carbon brushes.

Continue: I23/1 Fig.: II04/2



DISMANTLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

Checking (installed) rectifier

GENERAL:

- * Pointer of measuring instrument must be in green band for this test.
- * Renew entire rectifier if one or more diodes defective.

Continue: II05/2

DISMANTLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

* To ensure proper functioning of rectifier, alternator is to be checked on test bench or diodes checked individually with rectifier removed.

Continue: II06/1

Checking (installed) rectifier unit

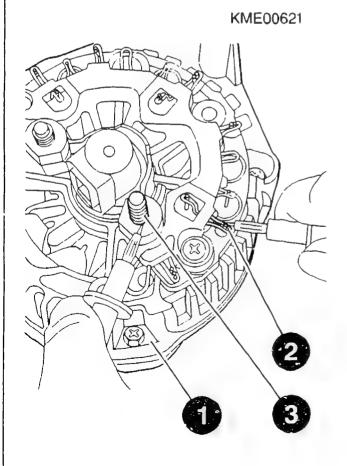
Check function of rectifier unit when connected to alternator tester. Pay attention to switch setting "ASSEMBLY" on tester.

Measurement points between:

- * Housing (1) and stator connections (2)
- * Long B+ (3) and stator connections

^ Alternator tester: 0 684 201 200

Continue: I23/1 Fig.: II06/2



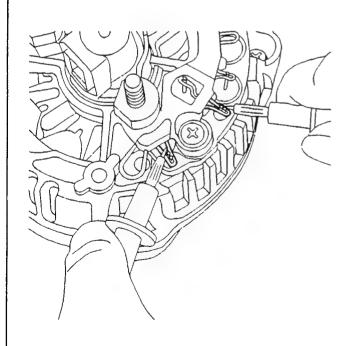
Checking (installed) stator

Check resistance between the corresponding winding ends.

Pay attention to switch setting on alternator tester. Heed measuring range on tester.

Stator resistance: < 0,1 Ohm
Alternator
tester: 0 684 201 200

Continue: I23/1 Fig.: II07/2

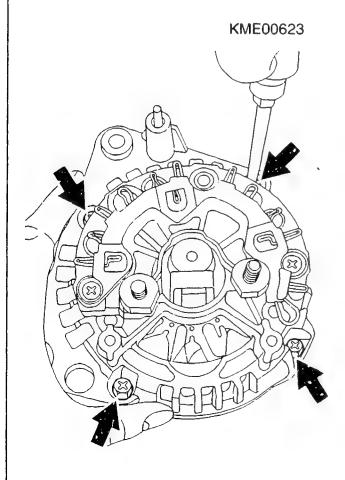


DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

Disassembling drive end shield

Unfasten and remove four hexagon bolts
(arrows).

Continue: II09/1 Fig.: II08/2



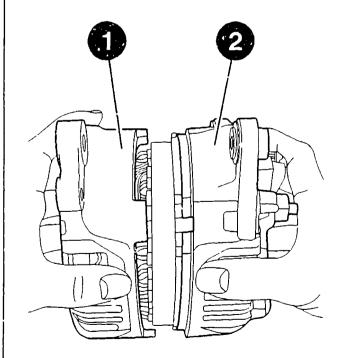
Disassembling drive end shield

Pull drive end shield with rotor (1) out of collector ring end shield (2).

Note:

If necessary, separate drive end shield and collector ring end shield by tapping carefully with rubber-headed hammer.

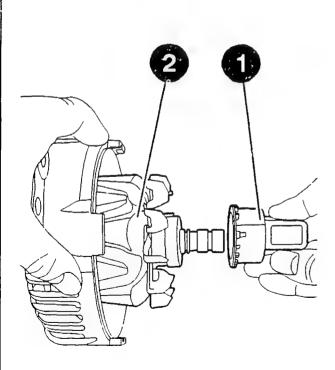
Continue: II10/l Fig.: II09/2



Disassembling drive end shield

Detach fitting ring (1) from rotor shaft (2).

Continue: I23/1 Fig.: II10/2



Disassembling rotor

Position collector ring end of drive end shield with rotor (1) in support piece (2).

Use extraction tool (3) to pull drive end shield off rotor.

NOTE:

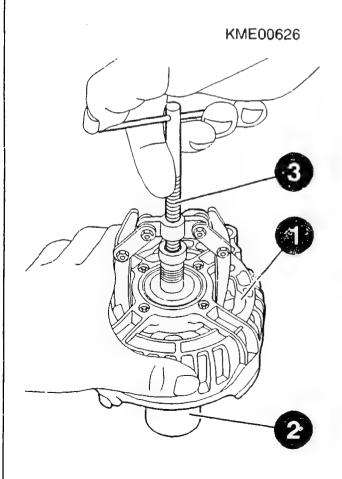
When applying extraction tool, it may be necessary to fit a separate puller arm. Apply puller arms at bearing seat of drive end shield.

Take care not to damage fan blades.

Support piece: Extraction tool:

0 986 618 162 comm. avail.

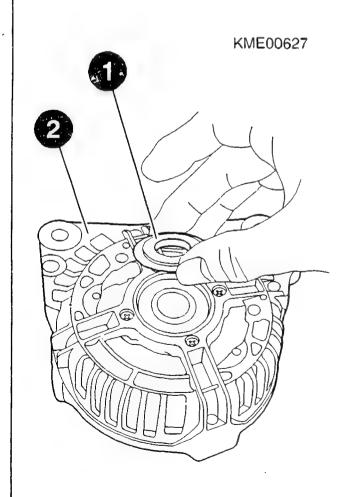
Continue: II12/1 Fig.: II11/2



Disassembling rotor

Detach spacer ring (1) from drive end shield (2).

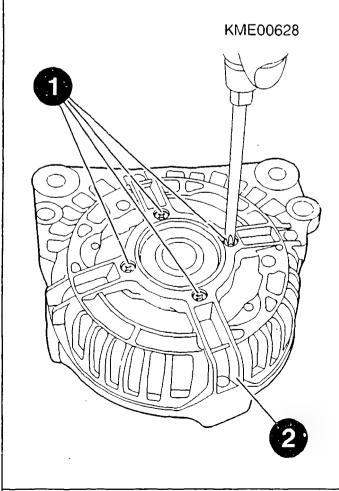
Continue: I23/l Fig.: II12/2



Disassembling deep-groove ball bearing of drive end shield

Unfasten four bolts (1) of drive end shield (2).

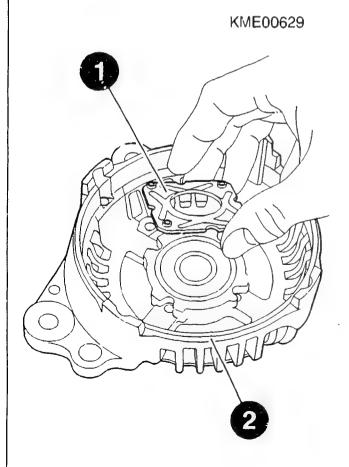
Continue: II14/1 Fig.: II13/2



Disassembling deep-groove ball bearing of drive end shield

Detach cover plate (1) from drive end shield (2).

Continue: II15/1 Fig.: II14/2

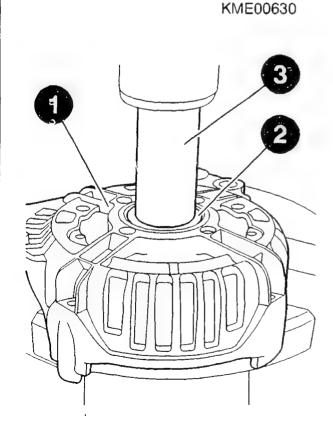


Disassembling deep-groove ball bearing of drive end shield

Place drive end shield (1) on press and press deep-groove ball bearing (2) with pressing-in sleeve (3) out of drive end shield.

Mandrel press: comm. avail. Pressing-in sleeve: 0 986 618 162

Continue: I23/1 Fig.: II15/2



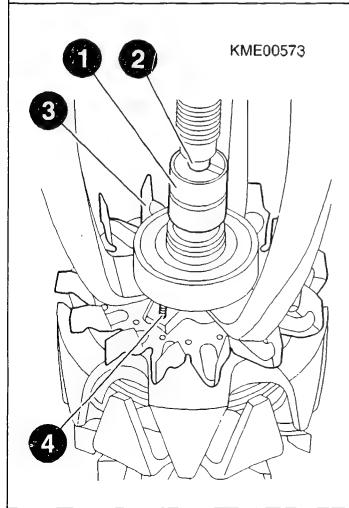
Disassembling deep-groove ball bearing of collector ring end shield

ATTENTION:

So as to avoid breaking collector ring assembly (1), pressing-off mandrel (2) must be applied to rotor shaft and never to actual collector ring assembly.

When pulling off, take care not to damage fan blades (3) and electrical connections (4) by turning claws of extraction tool.

Continue: II17/1 Fig.: II16/2

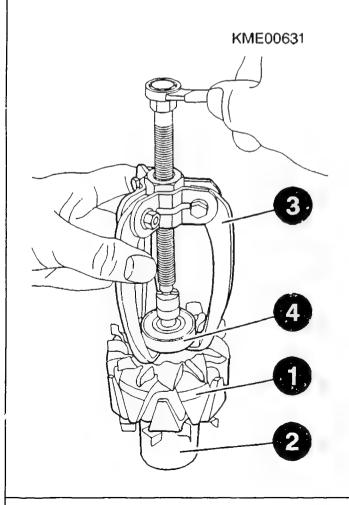


Disassembling deep-groove ball bearing of collector ring end shield

Position drive end of rotor (1) in support piece (2). Use extraction tool (3) to pull deepgroove ball bearing (4) off rotor shaft.

Support piece: Extraction tool: 0 986 618 162 comm. avail.

Continue: I23/2 Fig.: II17/2



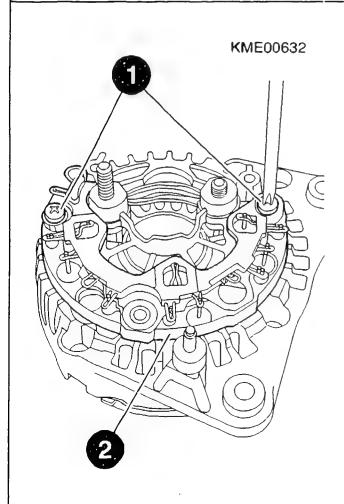
DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR Disassembling rectifier unit NOTE: If checking with oscilloscope reveals that rectifier unit is OK, it is not necessary to separate rectifier unit/ stator. Continue: II19/1 II18 B18

DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

Disassembling rectifier unit

Remove bolts (1) of rectifier unit (2).

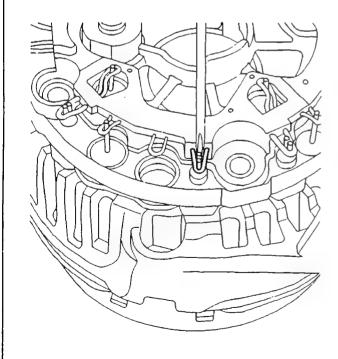
Continue: II20/l Fig.: II19/2



Disassembling rectifier unit

Use suitable tool to carefully open all stator wire holders and detach stator wires.

Continue: II21/1 Fig.: II20/2



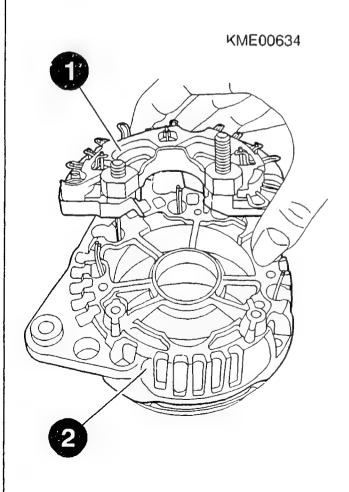
DISASSEMBLING AND CHECKING ALTERNATOR

Disassembling rectifier unit

Detach rectifier unit (1) from

collector ring end shield (2).

Continue: I23/2 Fig.: II21/2



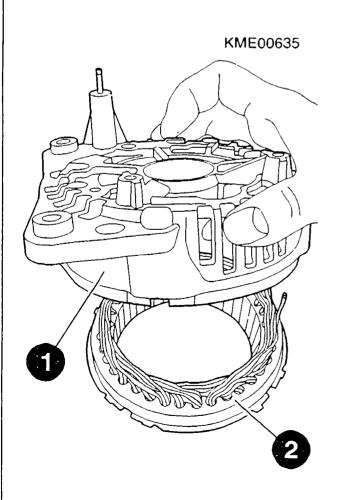
Disassembling stator

Lift collector ring end shield (1) off stator (2).

NOTE:

If necessary, separate stator and collector ring end shield by tapping carefully with a rubber-headed hammer.

Continue: IO1/1 Fig.: II22/2



COMPONENT CLEANING

ATTENTION: DANGER OF FIRE

For transmitter and receiver interference suppression purposes, alternators are fitted with capacitors with a long storage time.

When washing out alternator components, immersion in cleaning fluid may result in capacitor discharge and cause flammable liquids to ignite.

Continue: II23/2

COMPONENT CLEANING

For this reason, components with capacitors are only to be washed out using cleaning agents (e.g. HAKU 1025/6) which are not readily flammable.

Continue: II24/1

COMPONENT CLEANING

Always heed the following safety regulations:

- * German Order governing the use of flammable liquids (VbF).
- * Accident prevention regulations for electrical systems and equipment.
- * Safety regulations for the handling of chlorinated hydrocarbons:
 - For companies: ZH 1/222
 - For employees: ZH 1/129 issued by the German industrial liability insurance associations (central association for accident prevention and industrial medicine),

Continue: II24/2

COMPONENT CLEANING

Outside Germany, pay attention to appropriate local regulations.

Langwartweg 103, 53129 Bonn.

Skin protection:
To avoid skin irritation when
handling oil and grease, apply hand
cream before starting work and wash
cream off when finished with soap

Continue: I01/1

and water.

ALTERNATOR CHECKING/REPAIR TABLE

thecking regulator and carbon	
brushes	I126/1
Checking (removed) rectifier	
unit	I127/1
Checking interference	
suppression capacitor	III01/1
Checking (removed) stator	III02/2
Checking rotor (short to	
ground)	III04/1
Checking rotor (resistance)	III06/1
Checking rotor (concentricity)	III07/1
Replacing fitting ring in	III09/1
collector ring end shield	

Continue: I01/1

Checking regulator and carbon brushes

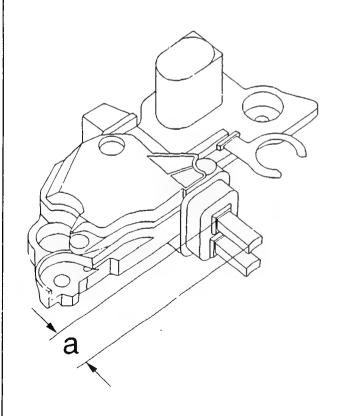
Check regulator for external damage. Replace regulator if carbon brushes have broken off cr if projection "a" is less than 6. Check freedom of movement of carbon brushes.

Projection of carbon brushes

New:
Min.:

13,2 mm
6 mm

Continue: II25/1 Fig.: II26/2



CHECKING AND REPAIRING ALTERNATOR
Checking (removed) rectifier unit
GENERAL:

- * Checking of the individual diodes must be performed to ensure proper functioning of the rectifier unit.
- * The diodes are to be checked in both forward and reverse direction.

Continue: II27/2

CHECKING AND REPAIRING ALTERNATOR

- * Pointer of measuring instrument must be in green zone when checking in forward direction.
- * Pointer of measuring instrument must be in red zone when checking in reverse direction.

Continue: II28/1

Checking (removed) rectifier unit

Heed general notes.

Check function of rectifier unit with alternator tester.

Pay attention to switch setting "INDIVIDUAL CHECK" on tester.

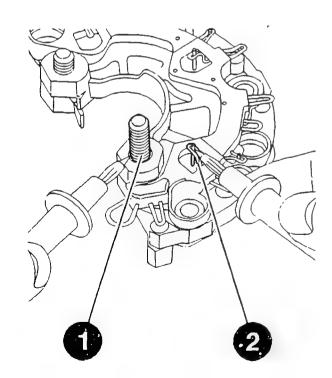
Measurement points between:

* Long B+ (1) and diode connections (2)

* Diode housing and diode connections

Alternator tester: 0 684 201 200

Continue: II25/l Fig.: II28/2



Checking interference suppression capacitor

Interference suppression capacitor is located in protective cap.

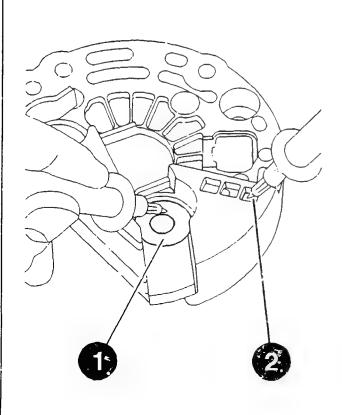
Measure capacitance of capacitor between B+ (1) and terminal lug (2).

If set value is not attained, replace defective interference suppression capacitor with protective cap.

Set value: 2,0...2,4 microfarads

Electrical system tester: 0 684 101 400

Continue: III02/1 Fig.: III01/2



Checking interference suppression capacitor

ATTENTION: After chec

After checking, short and discharge interference suppression capacitor to prevent ignition of cleaning fluid when cleaning components.

Continue: II25/1

ATTENTION:

CHECKING AND REPLACING ALTERNATOR

Voltages of 80 V are POTENTIALLY

Checking (removed) stator

When performing this check, it is imperative to ensure proper handling

cal contact with it.

of the stator and all parts in electri-

Continue: III03/1

Checking (removed) stator

Use test prods (1) to check stator for short to ground between housing (2) and winding ends (3).

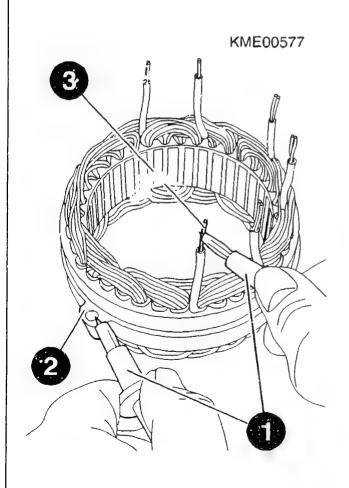
Replace stator if defective.

Test voltage: 80 V AC

Interturn short-circuit

tester: 0 986 619 110 Test prods: 0 986 619 101

Continue: II25/1 Fig.: III03/2



Checking rctor (short to ground)

ATTENTION:

Voltages of 80 V are POTENTIALLY FATAL.

When performing this check, it is imperative to ensure proper handling of the rotor and all parts in electrical contact with it.

Continue: III05/1

Checking rotor (short to ground)

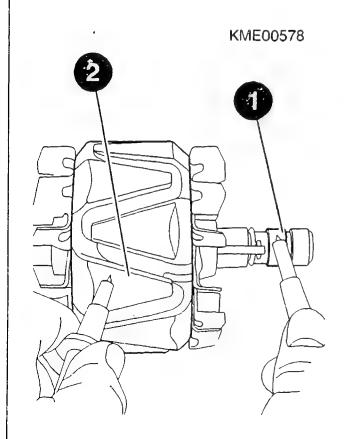
Use interturn short-circuit tester and test prods to check rotor for short to ground between collector ring (1) and rotor OD (2).

Test voltage: 80 V AC

Interturn short-circuit
tester:

tester: 0 986 619 110 Test prods: 0 986 619 101

Continue: II25/1 Fig.: III05/2



Checking rotor (resistance)

Use alternator tester to measure rotor resistance between collector rings.

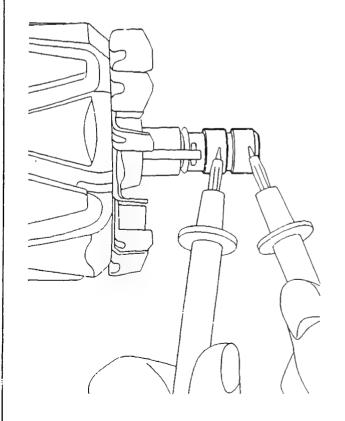
Observe measuring range on tester.

Resistance value: 1,8...2,8 Ohm

Alternator tester:

0 684 201 200

Continue: II25/1 Fig.: III06/2



Checking rotor (concentricity)

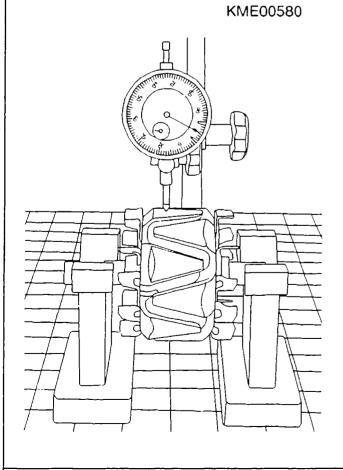
Position mounting points of rotor in V-blocks and perform precise horizontal alignment. Measure concentricity at OD of rotor with magnetic measurement stand and dial gauge.

Max. radial run-out at rotor OD:

0,05 mm

Two V-blocks: comm. avail.
Dial gauge: 1 687 233 011
Magnetic measurement
stand: 4 851 601 124

Continue: III08/1 Fig.: III07/2



Checking rotor (concentricity)

Measure concentricity at collector rings.

Max. radial run-out of collector rings:

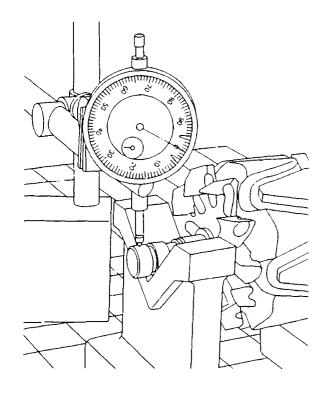
0,03 mm

In the event of greater deviation or worn surface, turn down collector rings or renew rotor. Pay attention to minimum diameter.

Min. diameter of collector rings:

14,9 mm

Continue: II25/1 Fig.: III08/2



Replacing fitting ring in collector ring end shield

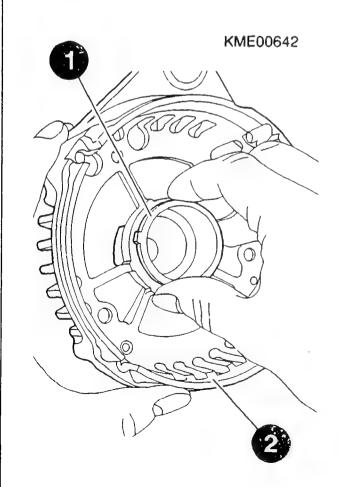
Fitting ring is always to be replaced.

Insert new fitting ring (1) in collector ring end shield (2).

NOTE:

In the case of fitting rings with collector ring protection, recess for carbon brushes must be located between the two tapped holes for regulator attachment.

Continue: I01/1 Fig.: III09/2



ALTERNATOR AS	SSEMBLY TABLE	
_	eep-groove ball	III11/1
bearing of co	ollector ring	
_	eep-groove ball	III13/1
bearing of dr	rive end shield	
Assembling ro	otor .	III15/1
Assembling st	tator	III17/1
Assembling re	ectifier unit	III18/1
Assembling dr	rive end shield	11122/1
and collector	r ring end shìeld	
Assembling re	egulator	III24/1
Assembling pr	rotective cap	III25/1
Fitting conne	ections .	III26/1
Assembling pu		III27/1
	•	

Continue: I01/1

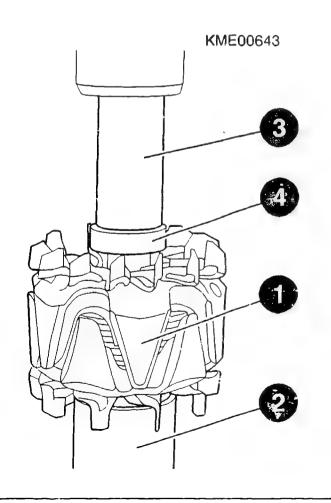
Assembling deep-groove ball bearing of collector ring end shield

Use is always to be made of a new deep-groove ball bearing.
Mount drive end of rotor (1) on support piece (2).
Centrally align pressing-in sleeve (3) with new deep-groove ball bearing (4).

ATTENTION:

Failure to center pressing-in sleeve may result in damage to collector ring assembly.

Continue: III12/1 Fig.: III11/2



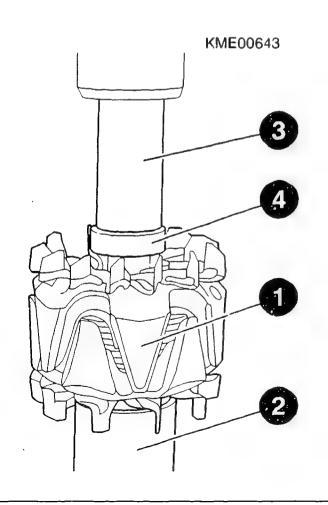
Arsembling deep-groove ball bearing of collector ring end shield

Press home deep-groove ball bearing.

Mandrel press: comm. avail. Support piece and

pressing-in sleeve: 0 986 618 162

Continue: III10/1 Fig.: III12/2



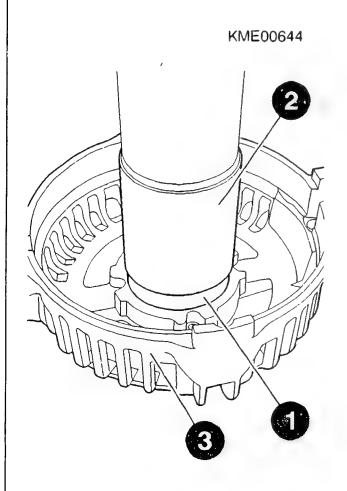
Assembling deep-groove ball bearing of drive end shield

Use is always to be made of a new deep-groove ball bearing, new bolts and a new cover plate.

Press new deep-groove ball bearing (1) with support piece (2) into drive end shield (3).

Support piece: Mandrel press: 0 986 618 162 comm. avail.

Continue: III14/1 Fig.: III13/2



Assembling deep-groove ball bearing of drive end shield

Attach cover plate with four bolts (1) to drive end shield (2). Make use of torque wrench.

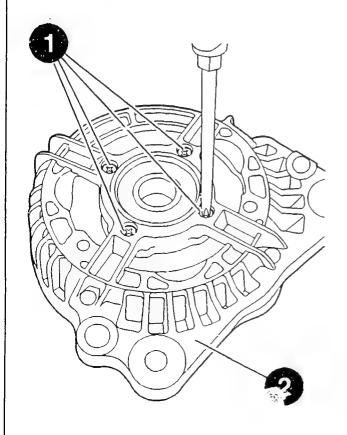
NOTE:

Collar of bolt holes of cover plate faces away from deep-groove ball bearing.

Tightening torque: 2,7...3,5 Nm

Torque wrench: comm. avail.

Continue: III10/1 Fig.: III14/2



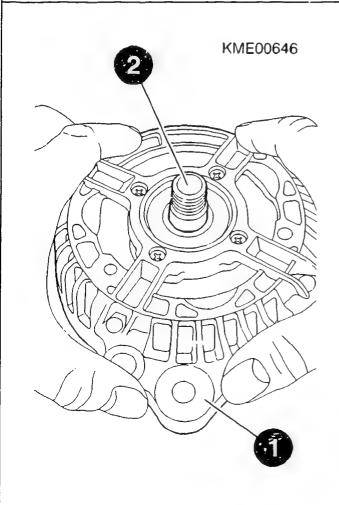
Assembling rotor

Insert collector ring end of rotor in support piece.

Slip drive end shield (1) onto rotor (2) by hand.

Support piece: 0 986 618 162

Continue: III16/1 Fig.: III15/2

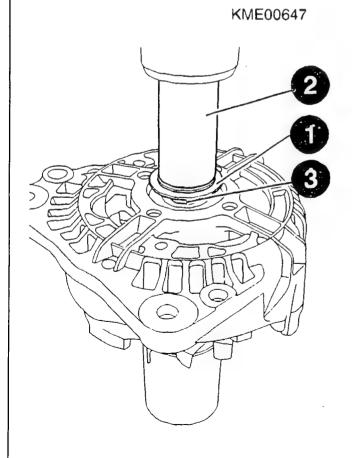


Assembling rotor

Press spacer ring (1) (small collar facing deep-grouve ball bearing, large collar facing pulley) with pressing-in sleeve (2) onto rotor shaft (3).

Mandrel press: comm. avail.
Support piece and pressing-in sleeve: 0 986 618 162

Continue: III10/1 Fig.: III16/2



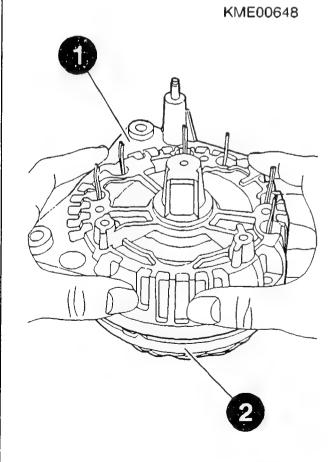
Assembling stator

Render stator wires mechanically bright.

Position collector ring end shield (1) on stator (2).

Bend stator wires straight if necessary.

Continue: III10/l Fig.: III17/2



Assembling rectifier unit

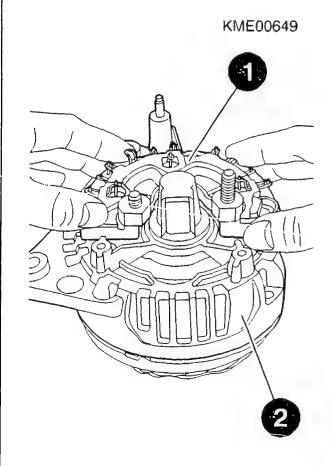
Render stator wire connections mechanically bright.

Position rectifier unit (1) on collector ring end shield (2).

NOTE:

Ensure proper wire routing through stator wire connections.

Continue: III19/1 Fig.: III18/2



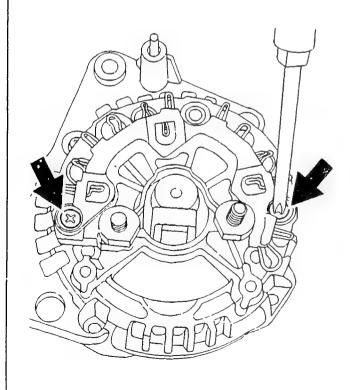
Assembling rectifier unit

Use torque wrench to tighten bolts (arrows).

Tightening torque: 3,5...4,3 Nm

Torque wrench: comm. avail.

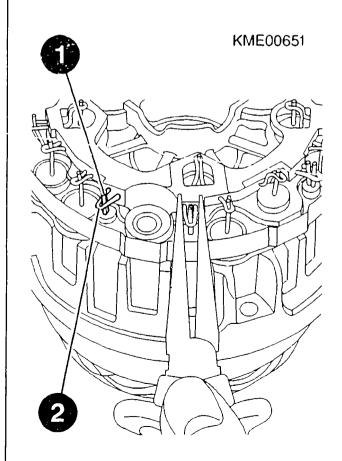
Continue: III20/l Fig.: III19/2



Assembling rectifier unit

Fix stator wires (1) in position by squeezing together stator wire connections (2) at rectifier unit.

Continue: III21/1 Fig.: III20/2



Assembling rectifier unit

Solder stator wires to stator wire connections.

ATTENTION:

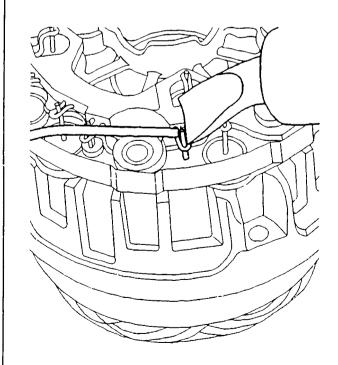
Always make use of high-temperature solder (min. 480 C) and solder cream.

Soldering iron 180 W: comm. avail. Solder cream: comm. avail.

High-temperature solder (min. 480 C):

comm. avail.

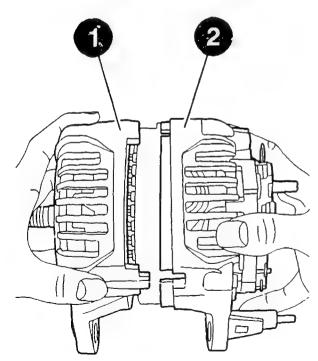
Continue: III10/1 Fig.: III21/2



Assembling drive end shield and collector ring end shield

Insert rotor together with drive end shield (1) in collector ring end shield (2).

Continue: III23/1 Fig.: III22/2



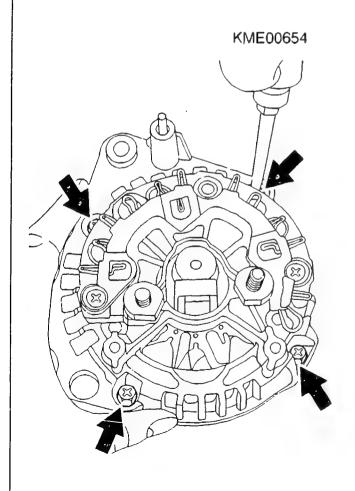
Assembling drive end shield and collector ring end shield

Fit bolts (arrows) and then tighten using torque wrench.

Tightening torque: 4,5...5,5 Nm

Torque wrench: comm. avail.

Continue: III10/l Fig.: III23/2



Assembling regulator

Use bolts (3) to attach regulator (1) to collector ring end shield (2). Use bolt (4) to attach connection V. Make use of torque wrench.

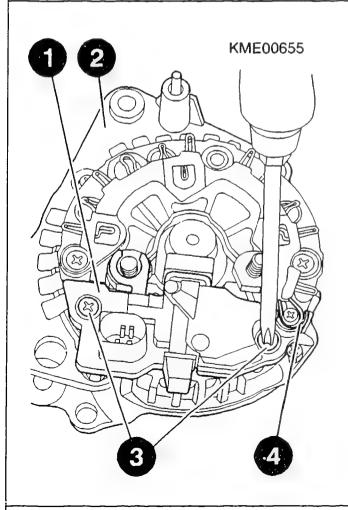
NOTE:

Pav attention to carbon brushes on installation.

Tightening torques Regulator bolts: 1,6...2,3 Nm Bolt for connection V: 0,9...1,4 Nm

comm. avail. Torque wrench:

Continue: III10/1 Fig.: III24/2



Assembling protective cap

Attach protective cap (1) to rectifier unit and secure with bolt (2). Use torque wrench.

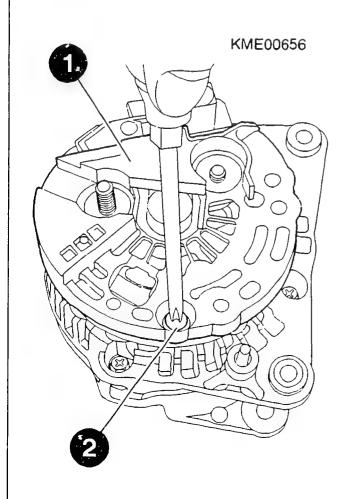
Tightening torque:

3,5...4,3 Nm

Torque wrench:

comm. avail.

Continue: III10/1 Fig.: III25/2



Fitting connections

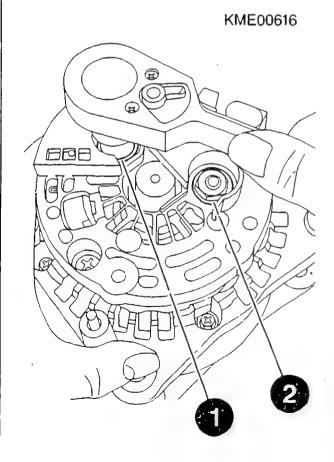
Attach connections long B+(1), short B+(2) and terminal W (if fitted). Use torque wrench.

Tightening torques

Long B+: Short B+: 18...20 Nm 11...13 Nm

Torque wrench: comm. avail.

Continue: III10/1 Fig.: III26/2



Assembling pulley

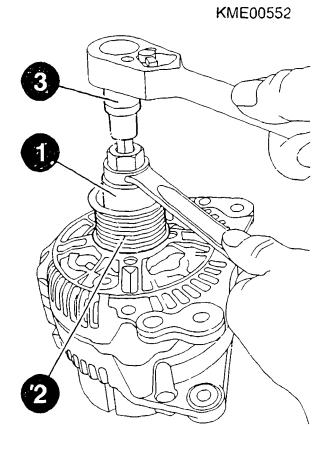
Attach socket wrench (1) to nut of pulley (2). Hold rotor shaft of alternator with multi-point wrench (3) and tighten nut using 22 mm box wrench. Use torque wrench.

Tightening torque: 60...70 Nm

Torque wrench: comm. avail.
Socket wrench: 0 986 618 152

M10 multi-point socket, long version: comm. avail.

Continue: III28/1 Fig.: III27/2



Assembling pulley (free-wheel pulley)

Insert disassembly tool (1) in grocved toothing of free-wheel pulley (2).

Hold rotor shaft of alternator with multi-point wrench (3) and tighten free-wheel pulley by way of disassembly tool using 17 mm box wrench.

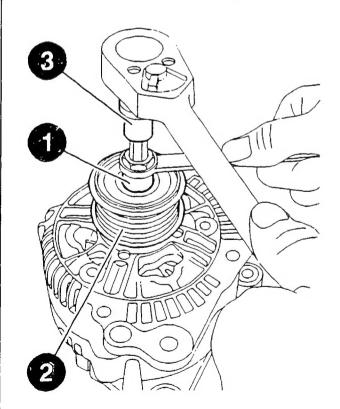
Use torque wrench.

Tightening torque: 75...85 Nm
Torque wrench: comm. avail.
Disassembly tool: 0 986 619 396

M10 multi-point socket,

long version: comm. avail.

Continue: IV01/1 Fig.: III28/2



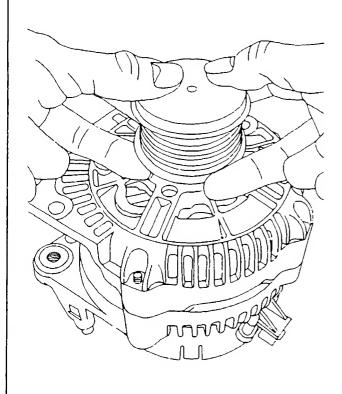
ASSEMBLING ALTERNATOR

Assembling pulley

Cap is always to be renewed.

Fit clip-on pulley cap.

Continue: IV02/1 Fig.: IV01/2

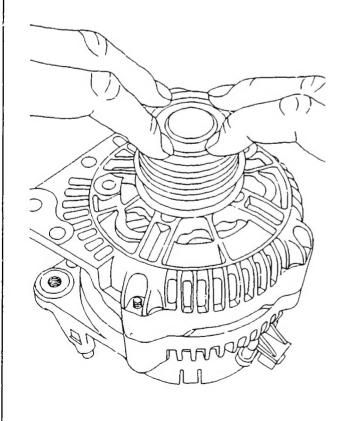


Assembling pulley

Cap is always to be renewed.

Fit press-in pulley cap.

Continue: I01/1 Fig.: IV02/2



EDITORIAL NOTE

Copyright 1999 ROBERT BOSCH GmbH Automotive-Equipment After-Sales Service Technical Publications Department KH/VDT, Postfach 30 02 20, D-70422 Stuttgart

Published by:
After-Sales Service Department for
Training and
Technology (KH/VSK).
Time of going to press 02.1999.
Please direct questions and comments
concerning the contents to our
authorized representative in your
country.

Continue: IV03/2

EDITORIAL NOTE

The contents of this microcard are intended only for the Bosch Franchised After-Sales Organization. Passing on to third parties is not permitted.

Microfilmed in the Federal Republic of Germany.